

# HUNS WILLING TO MAKE PEACE

## CENTRAL POWERS REPLY TO PROPOSAL OF THE POPE

### TONOPAH WAGE SCALE RAISED 50 CENTS SHIFT

The wage question was adjusted in Tonopah yesterday afternoon in less than thirty minutes. The answer of the mine operators was presented to the employees' committee at 4:30 o'clock at the office of the West End company, which had been chosen as more convenient than the headquarters of the Tonopah Mining Company on the hill, where the previous meetings had been held. The reply was read by the committee and the members, without any hesitation, subscribed their names in acceptance of the contract into which they agreed with the operators. The latter agreed to waive the clause requiring twenty days' consecutive work before an employee was eligible to receive the increase of 50 cents a day, that was all that rested between both sides. This makes the scale of wages in Tonopah as follows: Muckers, \$5; machine men, \$5.50; timbermen, \$5.50; engineers, \$6; shaft men, 50 cents additional.

At 5 o'clock the pleasant duty of both sides was a matter of history and in a moment the news was flashed to every mine in camp, where the glad tidings were further disseminated by sounding the mine sirens for a period of five minutes.

The news was received with approval everywhere, as a further demonstration of the fact that the operators and their employees in Tonopah always manage to get along without any hard feelings.

The rejoinder of the mine operators, which forms an essential part of the contract, and the resolution of the employees' committee appended follow:

"Tonopah, Nev., Sept. 21, 1917.

"Joseph F. Gori, Stuart Macdonald, C. J. Blake, R. M. Thomas, Ed Brown, John D. Perovich, Fred Grisdale, Committee.

"Dear Sirs:

"This association has given full consideration to your communication and petition of August 29, receipt of which has been previously acknowledged, wherein requests for certain increased rates of wages are made. The increased rates of wages requested appear to this association as excessive and inequitable, because of the following facts and conditions:

"This association has always approved the payment of the highest

### WHALE MEAT SERVED TO ARTILLERY CORPS

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 22.—Whale meat was served for breakfast at Fort Winfield Scott today, when men of the artillery corps consumed 100 pounds. The meat will be served whenever obtainable.

### CHINA WILL SEND 24000 SOLDIERS

MORE TRAINED MEN AVAILABLE AS FAST AS EQUIPMENT IS DELIVERED.

(By Associated Press.)

PEKING, Sept. 22.—The president and cabinet have agreed to a plan of sending a trial division of 24,000 Chinese soldiers to France if the money, equipment and shipping are available. The Entente allies have approved the proposition and France is eager to receive the contingent, which probably could reach France by January 1. An abundant number of fairly trained soldiers is immediately available. The premier favors sending 330,000 and the provincial authorities heartily support the plan if Canton gives approval to war with Germany.

### BUSINESS MEN OF SAN FRANCISCO STAND FOR ORDER

LAW AND ORDER COMMITTEE ORGANIZED TO COMBAT ERA OF LAWLESSNESS.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 22.—Formation of another law and order committee to supplement the one already formed by the Chamber of Commerce is announced. This consists of representatives of the sixteen commercial bodies and is to be enlarged later. Controversy over police protection during strikes caused the formation, which was announced with the statement that the committee "has no bone to pick with union labor. We only want a chance to go about our lawful business, and let the other fellow do the same."

Two riots marked the street car strike in San Francisco yesterday. A crowd of forty or more selective draft recruits threw rocks at a car of the United Railroads, crippled by a strike of platform men. Police arrested the lads and hauled them before Captain Daniel O'Brien.

"You boys have started your fight for democracy entirely too soon," said the captain. "Wait until you face the Germans before you give vent to your feelings." After a reprimand the men were allowed their liberty.

A gang of several hundred strikers, sympathizers and striking iron trades workers, according to the police, also stoned street cars and fought with police in automobiles. A woman was slightly hurt, a striker was badly beaten and three other men were arrested and charged with rioting. Many car windows were smashed.

### TODAY AND A YEAR AGO

	1917	1916
5 a. m.	53	50
9 a. m.	60	46
12 noon	64	51
2 p. m.	66	54
Maximum Sept. 21	70	74
Minimum Sept. 21	50	59
Relative humidity at 2 p. m.	today, 19 per cent.	

### Tenor of Notes Favorable To Initiation Armistice Consideration of Terms

(By Associated Press.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—The German reply to the pope declares that the special measures taken by the government in closest contact with representatives of the German people to discuss answering the question, have proved how earnestly Germany desires to find a practical basis for a just and lasting peace. The reply says Germany recognizes the high peace-producing effect of abatement and is ready to support every proposal compatible with the vital interests of the German empire and its people.

The German reply says the imperial government greets with special sympathy the leading idea which his holiness clearly expresses—the conviction that in the future the material power of arms must be superseded by the moral power of right.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Replies of Germany and Austria to the pope contain nothing that will in any way alter the position of the United States as outlined by the president's reply.

(By Associated Press.)

In reply to the peace proposals of Pope Benedict, the German and Austro-Hungarian governments express the hope that the pontiff's efforts may bring about a cessation of hostilities. Emperor William "cherishes a lively desire" that the vatican appeal may meet with success.

Germany's reply is written by a member of the emperor's entourage, while that of Austro-Hungary is a personal missive from Emperor Charles. Both notes to the pope were made public almost simultaneously and apparently both follow the same general trend.

Emperor Charles declares the pope's "proposals will lead to peace if the belligerent nations would enter into negotiations in the sense of the pontiff's suggestions."

The future arrangement of the world, the emperor says, must be based on the elimination of armed force, the freedom of the seas and on the rule of international justice and legality.

Emperor William has been following the efforts of Pope Benedict to ward peace with "high respect and sincere gratitude." The German reply designates the pope's notes as an "emphatic peace appeal."

Meanwhile, the opposing armies still are busy from the North sea to Switzerland in the west, from the Baltic to the Black sea in the east, in Macedonia and in the Austro-Italian mountains to the Adriatic. In Flanders, however, the activity is not intense.

The British are holding tight to the new positions taken from the Germans on Thursday. Berlin officially admits that the British effort was successful and that the Germans were forced to evacuate some of their defenses in the vital Ypres salient, but it attempts to minimize the importance of the advance. The British losses in the assault are reported to have been light.

On the southern end of the western front the German crown prince has suffered severe losses in an unsuccessful attack on Mont Haut, in Champagne. Other attacks by the Germans on the Aisne front and near Verdun were repelled by the French.

### GERMAN AGENTS SUPPLIED FUNDS FOR OKLAHOMA DRAFT REBELS

(By Associated Press.)

ENID, Okla., Sept. 22.—Money procured from agents of the German government and disbursed through headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World at Chicago was used to purchase arms, ammunition and supplies for the Working Class Union, "Jones family" and about forty kindred organizations with a membership of approximately 2,000, according to testimony in federal court here yesterday in the trial of eleven alleged draft resisters from Pottawatomie and Cleveland counties.

J. C. Holmes, who said he was a government agent, testified that he had joined the Working Class Union in Pottawatomie county last May on the advice of a recruiting officer. Officers high in the councils of the Working Class Union, Holmes said, told members of the organization that through the I. W. W. and affiliated bodies draft resisters would be plentifully supplied with arms and ammunition purchased with German money.

Recruiting activity of the Working Class Union, he testified, dated from the passage of the selective draft act and leaders seemed well supplied with money and presented comprehensive plans for resisting the draft through appeals to the ignorant classes among which they worked.

"Tub" Munson, who is in the federal jail at Muskogee, was the state organizer of the W. C. U., with headquarters in Sallisaw, Holmes testified. The arrest of Munson, on May 31, severed the connection with Chicago headquarters, Holmes said, but recruiting of the organization was continued on the promise of new German connections. The organization was effectually broken up in August with the arrest of approximately 500 draft deserters in Central Oklahoma.

### FERGUSON IMPEACHED BY 27 TO 4

(By Associated Press.)

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 22.—Governor Ferguson was convicted today on the first article of the impeachment proceedings.

The governor was found guilty by the senate high court of impeachment by a vote of 27 to 4. The second charge was sustained by 26 to 5.

Darling, once president of the American embargo conference, was aroused by the revelations of the state department. He said he was convinced that he had been made a tool of German plotters.

Darling has long been prominent in G. A. R. circles, and he said he was convinced he was selected and misled by the plotters because of his reputation for patriotism. He said the source of the money always was a mystery to him and a great deal passed through his hands in opposing the export of munitions, and other acts which he feared would draw the United States into war.

### G. A. R. MAN IS CHOSEN TO DISBURSE FUNDS FOR GERMANS

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Senator King of Utah read into the senate record correspondence and photographic copies of checks to show payments aggregating \$6,500 by the German embassy here to the Fair Play Publishing Company, with receipts signed by Marcus Braun and J. P. Bryan. Senator King did not disclose the source of the documents. He also showed payments by the Austrian embassy to small foreign language newspapers for the propaganda.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Jasper T.

### INVESTIGATING GERMAN BRIBE

HOUSE COMMITTEE WILL PROBE ALLEGATIONS OF VON BERNSTORFF.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee, after conferring, said he thought probably there would be a house investigation of Count Von Bernstorff's plans to influence congress by sending \$50,000.

On the floor of the house, Representative Hefflin of Alabama asserted that he could name thirteen or fourteen members of the two branches of congress who had acted suspiciously and expressed the opinion that they should be investigated. Generally, however, the disposition was to regard as absurd any suggestion that any part of the \$50,000 sought by Von Bernstorff was intended for members of congress.

The Von Bernstorff message was sent nine days before the German government proclaimed its unrestricted submarine warfare. When he wrote it Count Von Bernstorff was assuring the American government and press that under no circumstances would Germany violate her pledges of the Sussex case or do anything that might draw the United States into the list of her enemies. With the Lusitania and other cases in abeyance, the American government had made no move since the Sussex pledge and there was nothing on the surface to foreshadow impending trouble.

Two weeks later, when Bernstorff was handed his passports, he professed ignorance of prior knowledge of his government's intentions to throw its promises to the winds.

Evidence has been accumulating to prove that the ambassador was not only cognizant of, but actually directed the activities of Boyed and Von Papen, the military and naval attaches, who were sent home long before the United States broke relations with Germany, because of their connection with bomb plots, passport frauds, spying and other phases of the almost unlimited operations in this country of the German secret service. How complete is the evidence of German diplomatic duplicity remaining in possession of the United States government is only conjectural, but that it is far more than has been generally supposed is now certain.

Secretary Lansing sees little that congressional investigation could develop about the Von Bernstorff charges, made on the floor.

Referring to Von Bernstorff, Lansing said: "If there is any misunderstanding I wish to say very emphatically that I do not see how the message in any way reflects upon congress or any member. Apparently it was the purpose to employ agencies to the influence of which they would have no knowledge."

### SEVEN SUNK BY U-BOATS IN CHANNEL

TWO DESTROYERS OUT OF A CONVOY OF SIX INCLUDED IN LOSS.

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 22.—Passengers arriving on an American steamer brought circumstantial reports that five English steamships and two destroyers out of a convoy fleet of six, were sunk by submarines shortly after leaving Loughswilly, Ireland.

### ALL TROLLEY MEN WILL CONTRIBUTE

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 22.—All unions in the United States and Canada affiliated with the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railways Employees have pledged financial assistance to the new union of striking platform men of the United Railroads, according to the strikers.

### TOMORROW IS DEFENDERS' DAY EVERYBODY SHOULD TURN OUT

Sunday will be fittingly observed in sending away the young defenders destined to round out their military experience at Fort Lewis, Washington. The number comprises 27 youths who have made their homes in Nye county and who responded cheerfully to the call to the colors. They go as the second quota from Nye county and the best wishes of the men and women of Tonopah. Owing to the holiday and the general suspension of business, there will be an outpouring that has not been seen here since the first Loyalty parade after the declaration of war. Every man, woman and child in Tonopah should wear the national colors.

Every society having representatives in the camp will be there with their national colors flying to cheer the boys and inspire them with greater love for the good old flag under which many of their escorts have fought. The Women's Relief Corps, which is entitled by precedence by right of seniority and the fact that it is the only accredited branch of a patriotic order here, will lead the march. The ladies will be joined by the veterans of the

### CROWN PRINCE RENEWS ATTACK

EFFORT TO REGAIN LOST GROUND FROM BRITISH EAST OF YPRES.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Troops of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria continued to launch heavy counterattacks against the British east of Ypres. General Haig declares the Germans used considerable forces without gaining any result except to heavily increase their losses.

### RICH SLACKERS LEAVE COUNTRY

SONS OF WEALTHY MINE OWNER OF BISBEE AFRAID OF WAR.

(By Associated Press.)

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Sept. 22.—Henry Shattuck registered under draft in Yuma county, and son of L. C. Shattuck of Bisbee, a wealthy mine owner, failed to appear to leave for the training camp in Kansas, and has been reported to the department of justice. Warner Shattuck, another son, faces a similar charge here.

### TOMORROW IS DEFENDERS' DAY EVERYBODY SHOULD TURN OUT

Grand Army of the Republic and the Spanish-American War Veterans. Ed Harmer, the G. A. R. veteran, who wore the blue back in the sixties, will lead the line of march, carrying the American flag. After the ladies will come the defenders of our country who are answering the second call. Behind these will be the Musicians' Union, which has volunteered for the occasion out of compliment to the departing recruits. The band boys will assemble at the musicians' headquarters. The B. P. O. E. and the I. O. O. F. will also be present and the Serbian Society will be there also to attest their loyalty to their adopted country and to see their many members leave to join the colors. The T. A. R. will meet at the Mispah hotel at 8:30 and fall into line as the parade passes. The ladies will present each recruit with a comfort kit and a box of lunch.

From 7 o'clock until after departure of the train every saloon in the city will be closed and every employee will be outside the house so that for the period of two hours Tonopah will be a dry town. This

(Continued on page four)

BUTLER

THEATRE

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and

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